

K22U 2234

Reg. No. :

Name :

V Semester B.B.A. Degree (CBCSS – OBE – Regular/Supplementary/ Improvement) Examination, November 2022 (2019 Admission Onwards) Core Course 1 – Finance

... DSCO ARTS AND S

5B12BBA : ADVANCED FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 40

PART – A

- 1. Answer all questions in one/two sentences. Each question carries 1 mark.
 - 1) What is capital structure ?
 - 2) What do you mean by current assets ?
 - 3) What is inventory management ?
 - 4) What do you mean by dividend policy ?
 - 5) What is meant by wealth maximisation ?
 - 6) Define Economic Order Quantity (EOQ).

 $(6 \times 1 = 6)$

PART - B

- Answer any 6 questions not exceeding one paragraph. Each question carries 2 marks.
 - 7) Explain the concept of working capital.
 - 8) What do you mean by financial planning ?
 - 9) What is meant by NOI approach ?
 - 10) What is meant by financial management ?
 - 11) What do you mean by MM theory ?
 - 12) Explain financial leverage.
 - 13) Describe aging schedule.
 - 14) What is debtor turnover ratio ?

(6×2=12) P.T.O.

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PART - C

III. Answer any 4 questions not exceeding one page. Each question carries 3 marks.

- 15) Explain the functions of finance.
- 16) Discuss the need for financial planning.
- 17) Explain the limitations of trading on equity.
- 18) Explain different motives for holding cash.
- 19) What are the various ways of accelerating cash inflows ?
- 20) Explain the causes of over capitalisation.

 $(4 \times 3 = 12)$

PART – D

- IV. Answer any 2 questions not exceeding four pages. Each carries 5 marks.
 - 21) Explain about determinants of dividend policy.
 - 22) Describe the need and determinants of working capital in a business.
 - 23) What is factoring ? Discuss various functions of a factor.
 - 24) The annual demand for a product is 6400 units. The unit cost is Rs. 6 and inventory carrying cost per unit per annum is 25% of the average inventory cost. If the cost of procurement is Rs. 75 determine :
 - 1) EOQ
 - 2) Number of orders/annum
 - 3) Time between two consecutive orders.

 $(2 \times 5 = 10)$