

K23U 0516

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Name :

VI Semester B.Sc. Degree (CBCSS – OBE – Regular/Supplementary/ Improvement) Examination, April 2023 (2019 and 2020 Admissions) CORE COURSE IN MATHEMATICS 6B13 MAT : Linear Algebra

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 48

PART – A

Answer any 4 questions. Each question carries one mark.

- 1. Find the null space and range space of the zero transformation from R^3 to R^3 .
- 2. Write a subspace of $M_{n \times n}$ (F).
- 3. What is the dimension of C over R 3
- 4. State Sylvester's law of nullity.
- 5. Give an example for an infinite dimensional vector space.

PART – B

Answer any 8 questions. Each question carries two marks.

- 6. Let T : $\mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^2$ defined by T(x, y) = (1, y). Is T linear ?
- 7. Prove that in any vector space V, 0x = 0, for each $x \in V$.
- 8. State Dimensional theorem.
- 9. Let $T : \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^3$ defined by T(x, y) = (x + 7y, 2y). Write the matrix of T with respect to the standard ordered bases of \mathbb{R}^2 and \mathbb{R}^3 .
- 10. If 2 and 2 are eigen values of a square matrix A, then what are the eigen values of A', transpose of A ?

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- 11. Let T : $F^2 \rightarrow F^2$ be a linear transformation defined by T(x, y) = (1 + x, y). Find N(T).
- 12. Determine whether $\{(2, -4, 1), (0, 3, -1), (6, 0, -1)\}$ form a basis for R³.
- 13. Define an elementary matrix.
- 14. Let A be a 2 × 2 orthogonal matrix with 3 as an Eigen value. What will be the other Eigen value of A ?
- 15. Give an example for a linear transformation $T : F^2 \to F^2$ such that N(T) = R(T).
- 16. State Cayley Hamilton theorem.

PART-C

Answer any 4 questions. Each question carries four marks.

17. Define a vector space.

18. Prove that $P_n(F)$ is a vector space.

- 19. Prove that any intersection of subspaces of a vector space V is a subspace of V.
- 20. Prove that rank(AA') = rank(A).

21. Find the rank of $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 3 & 4 & 5 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$.

- 22. Let W be a subspace of a finite dimensional vector space V. Then prove that W is finite dimensional and dim $W \le \dim V$. Moreover if dim $W = \dim V$ then prove that V = W.
- 23. Let $A = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 4 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$. Find A^{-1} using Cayley Hamilton theorem.

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PART – D

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Answer any 2 questions. Each question carries six marks.

24. Reduce the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 & -1 \\ 3 & 4 & 1 & 2 \\ -2 & 3 & 2 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ into normal form and hence find the rank.

25. Solve the system of equations

x + 3y - 2z = 0, 2x - y + 4z = 0, x - 11y + 14z = 0.

26. Find the Eigen values and Eigen vectors of $\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 5 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$

27. State and prove replacement theorem.

Jon Bosco Antibadono