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Reg. No. : .....

Name : .....

V Semester B.Sc. Degree CBCSS (OBE) Regular Examination, November 2021 (2019 Admn. Only) CORE COURSE IN MATHEMATICS

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5B05 MAT : Set Theory, Theory of Equations and Complex Numbers

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 48

### PART – A

Answer any four questions from this Part. Each question carries 1 mark.

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- 1. State the Uniqueness theorem.
- 2. Sum of the roots of the equation  $x^3 x 1 = 0$  is \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. If 1 + i is a root of a quadratic equation, then the other root will be \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. What is a reciprocal equation ?
- 5. If the discriminant  $\Delta$  of a cubic equation is negative, then it has \_\_\_\_\_

# PART – B

Answer any eight questions from this Part. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 6. If S is a finite set and  $T\subseteq S$ , then prove that T is finite.
- 7. Transform  $x^3 6x^2 + 5x + 12 = 0$  into an equation which lacks the second term.
- 8. If  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ ,  $\gamma$  are the roots of the equation  $2x^3 + 3x^2 x 1 = 0$ , then find the equation whose roots are  $\alpha 1$ ,  $\beta 1$ ,  $\gamma 1$ .
- 9. State De Gua's rule.
- 10. Find an upper limit of the positive roots of the equation  $x^3 10x^2 11x 100 = 0$ .
- Write necessary and sufficient condition that the equation ax<sup>3</sup> + 3bx<sup>2</sup> + 3cx + d = 0 has two equal roots.
- 12. Discuss the character of the roots of the equation  $x^3 + 29x 97 = 0$  without finding them.
- 13. Explain the first and second kind reciprocal equations.
- 14. Express the complex number  $2 + 2\sqrt{3}i$  in polar form.
- 15. Find Arg(-1 i).
- 16. State general form of De Movire's theorem.

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### PART - C

Answer any four questions from this Part. Each question carries 4 marks.

17. State and prove Cantor's theorem.

- 18. Use Descartes rule of signs to show that  $x^7 3x^4 + 2x^3 1 = 0$  has at least four imaginary roots.
- 19. If a + b + c = 0, then show that  $a^5 + b^5 + c^5 = 5abc$  (ab + bc + ca).

20. Solve  $6x^5 + 11x^4 - 33x^3 - 33x^2 + 11x + 6 = 0$ .

21. Solve  $y^3 - 7y^2 + 36 = 0$ , where the difference between two of the roots is five.

22. For any two complex numbers a and b, prove that

$$\left|a + \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}\right| + \left|a - \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}\right| = \left|a + b\right| + \left|a - b\right|^2$$

23. If z = 1 + i, then find  $(1 + i)^{101}$ .

#### PART - D

Answer any two questions from this Part. Each question carries 6 marks.

24. Prove that the set of all rational numbers is denumerable.

25. Find the rational roots of the equation  $x^3 - 5x^2 - 18x + 72 = 0$ .

26. Explain the Cardan's solution for general cubic equation.

27. Find all the fourth roots of unity and locate them graphically.