



Reg. No.: .....

Name: .....

I Semester B.C.A. Degree (CCSS – Reg./Supple./Improv.)  
Examination, November 2016  
COMPLEMENTARY COURSE IN MATHEMATICS  
1C01 MAT – BCA : Mathematics for BCA – I  
(2014 Admn. Onwards)

Time : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 40

## SECTION – A

Answer all questions.

1. Find the derivative of  $\log \cosh x$ .
2. State Taylors theorem.
3. Find the first order partial derivative of  $\log(x^2 + y^2)$ .
4. Represent the polar co-ordinate  $(2, 5\pi/4)$  in the polar graph. (4x1=4)

## SECTION – B

Answer any 7 questions.

5. Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  when  $x = 2 \cos t - \cos 2t$  and  $y = 2 \sin t - \sin 2t$ .
6. Derive the  $n^{\text{th}}$  derivative of  $\cos(ax + b)$ .
7. Find Maclaurin's series of  $\sin x$ .
8. Verify Lagranges mean value theorem for  $f(x) = x^3$  in  $[a, b]$ .
9. Discuss the graph of  $\sinh x$ .
10. If  $z = \log(y \sin x + x \sin y)$ , then show that  $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y} = \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y \partial x}$ .



11. Verify that  $\frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial y \partial x^2} = \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x^2 \partial y}$  where  $u = 100x^3y^2 + x^2y^3$ .
12. Find the 1<sup>st</sup> order partial derivative of  $\log(x^2 + y^2 + xy)$ .
13. Obtain the polar equation of the circle  $x^2 + (y - 4)^2 = 16$ . (7×2=14)

### SECTION – C

Answer **any 4** questions.

14. Find  $(x^n e^x)^n$ .
15. Expand  $\log \cosh x$  by Maclaurin's series.

16. Evaluate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{xe^x - \log(x+1)}{\cosh x - \cos x}$ .

17. Evaluate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (\cos x)^{\cot x}$ .

18. Find the curvature of the function  $x = a(1 + \sin t)$   $y = a(1 - \cos t)$ .
19. Replace the polar equation to Cartesian equation and describe the graph

a)  $r = \cot \theta \operatorname{cosec} \theta$       b)  $r = \delta \sin \theta$ . (4×3=12)

### SECTION – D

Answer **any 2** questions.

20. Using Taylors series P.T.  $f\left(\frac{x_2}{1+x}\right) = f(x) - \frac{x}{1+x} f'(x) + \frac{x^2}{(1+x)^2} \frac{f''(x)}{2!} \dots$
21. State Taylor's theorem, use it to expand  $\tan^{-1} x$  in powers of  $(x - \frac{\pi}{4})$ .
22. Translate the equation  $r = \operatorname{cosec} \theta$  into cartesian and spherical co-ordinate system.
23. Find the evolute of the astroid  $x = a \cos^3 \theta$  and  $y = a \sin^3 \theta$ . (2×5=10)