

K18U 1006

Reg. No. :

Name :

IV Semester B.C.A. Degree (CBCSS-Reg./Sup./Imp.) Examination, May 2018 (2014 Admn. Onwards) General Course 4A14BCA : NUMERICAL ANALYSIS

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 40

 $(8 \times 0.5 = 4)$

SECTION - A

1. One word answer :

a) A matrix A is said to be non-singular if |A|

- b) _____ errors are those that are present in the data supplied to the model.
- c) Convert binary number 1101.1101 to decimal equivalent.
- d) An edge that connects a vertex to it self is
- e) A connected a cyclic graph is called
- f) A system of equations A X = B is consistent if
- g) Numerical quadrature is also known as
- h) Data that are obtained by counting are called

Answer any 7 questions :

- 2. Convert the hexa decimal number 39.138 to an octal number.
- 3. Estimate the possible initial guess values of the polynomial equation $2x^3 8x^2 + 2x + 12 = 0$.
- 4. Solve the system of equations 3x + 4y = 7, 5x + 3y = 8.
- 5. Solve y' = x + 2y, y(0) = 1, using Eulers method for x = 0.2, taking h = 0.1.

 $(7 \times 2 = 14)$

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- 6. Define isomorphism of graphs with an example.
- 7. Evaluate $\int_{1}^{2} x^{2} dx$ by using trapezoidal rule with n = 4.
- 8. Estimate appropriate derivative of $f(x) = x^2$ at x = 1, for h = 0.1 and 0.01 using first order forward difference formula.
- 9. Find the inverse of the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$.
- 10. Find the truncation error in the function $e^x = 1 + x + \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^4}{4!} + \frac{x^5}{5!} + \frac{x^6}{6!}$ for $x = \frac{1}{5}$ when we use first three terms.
- 11. Write down the complete incidence matrix of the closed path ABC of the graph



Answer any 4.

- 12. Find the root of the equation $f(x) = x^2 3x + 2$ in the vincinity of x = 0 using Newton-Raphson method.
- 13. Explain connectives.
- 14. Using Taylor series method solve y' + 0.1y = 0, y(0) = 2 for y(0.1) with h = 0.1.
- 15. Use Simpson's Rule with n = 4 to estimate $\int_0^2 \frac{1}{1+x} dx$.
- 16. Use the false position method to find a root of the function $f(x) = x^2 x 2 = 0$ in 1 < x < 3.
- 17. Find a root of the equation $x^2 4x 10 = 0$ by using bisection method.

 $(4 \times 3 = 12)$

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 $(2 \times 5 = 10)$

SECTION - D

Answer any 2 questions :

Write an essay on any two of the following questions.

- 18. Apply Runge-Kutta method to solve the IVP, y' = x + y, y(0) = 0, choosing h = 0.2 and compute y_1 , y_2 , y_3 , y_4 and y_5 :
- 19. Use Guass-Jordan method to solve the system of equations

2x + 4y - 6z = -8;

x + 3y + z = 10;

2x - 4y - 2z = -12

20. Find f(2.5) from the following table by using Langrange interpolation polynomial

| x | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|------|---|--------|--------|---|--------|
| f(x) | 1 | 1.4142 | 1.7321 | 2 | 2.2361 |

21. Explain any one iteration method for solving linear equations.