

K17U 2028

Reg. I	No.	:	
Name	:		

III Semester B.Com. Degree (CBCSS-Reg./Sup./Imp.) Examination, November 2017 (2014 Admn. Onwards) General Course 3A12 COM : NUMERICAL SKILLS FOR BUSINESS

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 40

PART-A

- Answer all questions. Each carries ¹/₂ marks.
 - 1) A set which contains ______ element is called the null set or empty set.
 - 2) A matrix with equal number of rows and columns is called a _____ matrix.
 - 3) A single surd is Monomial while sum of two is
 - is the relation between two quantities of the same kind with regards to their magnitude. (4×1/2=2)

PART-B

- II. Answer four questions. Each carries one mark.
 - 5) If a : b is 3 : 6 and b : c is 2 : 5, then the ratio of a : c is
 - 6) Solve 4x + 7 = 2x + 9.
 - Represent A ∪ B by Venn diagram.
 - 8) From the following matrices, calculate A + B

 $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 5 & 2 \\ 2 & 4 & 5 \\ 7 & 1 & 8 \end{bmatrix} \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 & 4 \\ 5 & 6 & 1 \\ 2 & 7 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

9) If set A = (1, 2, 3, 8, 9) set B = (2, 4, 5, 8). Find A∪B, A∩B.

10) Simplify $\frac{1}{2+\sqrt{3}}$. (4×1=4)

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K17U 2028

PART-C

- III. Answer any six questions (not exceeding one page). Each carries three marks.
 - 11) Solve 7 + 4x = 9x 13.
 - Salaries of A : B : C : D are in the ratio 3 : 4 : 5 : 6. The sum of their salaries is Rs. 72,000. Find their respective salaries.
 - 13) Solve the following system of inequalities graphically.

 $3x+y\leq 3,\ x+7y\leq 7,\ x\geq 0\ y\geq 0.$

- 14) Let A = $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$. Find A³.
- 15) 12 kg of wheat at Rs. 35 per kg is mixed with 6 kg of wheat at Rs. 30 per kg. What would be the selling price per kg of the mixture, if a profit of 25% of sales to be made ?
- Find the number of year an amount of Rs. 8,000 will take to become 14,400 at 8% per annum, simple interest.
- 17) The average of 5, 7, 8, x is 7 and the average of 13, 9, x, y, is 9. What is the value of y ?

18) Show that A =
$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -3 & -5 \\ -1 & 4 & 5 \\ 1 & -3 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$
 is idempotent.

 $(6 \times 3 = 18)$

PART-D

IV. Answer any two questions. Each carries eight marks.

19) Find the rank of
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 & 5 \\ 3 & 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 4 & 0 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$$

20) Solve X + Y +Z = 6
X - Y + Z = 2
X + 2Y - Z = 2.
21) Let A =
$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix} C = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ 5 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$$
. Prove A(B + C) = AB + AC.
(2×8=16)