## 

Reg. No. : .....

#### Name : .....

# M 10263

# II Semester B.A./B.Sc./B.Com./B.B.A./B.B.A. T.T.M./B.B.M./B.C.A./B.S.W. (CCSS-Regular/Supplementary/Improvement) Degree Examination, March 2011 STATISTICS (Complementary Course for Maths/Comp. Sci. Core) 2C02 STA : Probability Theory and Random Variables

Time: 3 Hours

Total Weightage: 30

Instruction : Use of calculators and statistical tables permitted.

### PART – A

Answer any 10 questions. Weightage 1 each.

- 1. Define statistical event. Give one example.
- 2. Define discrete sample space. Give an example with infinite number of sample points.
- 3. Mention two important drawbacks of classical definition of probability.
- 4. What is the probability that a normal year selected at random contains 53 Sundays?
- 5. State the multiplication rule for two events.
- 6. If A and B are two independent events, prove that A and  $\overline{B}$  are independent.
- 7. Define partitioning of a sample space.
- 8. Define the distribution function of a random variable.
- 9. If X is a continuous random variable and g(X) is an increasing or decreasing functions of X, write down the formula for the density function of g(X).
- 10. The joint density function of two random variables X and Y is given as follows :

 $f(x, y) = \begin{cases} 2 & \text{if } 0 < x < y < 1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$ 

Find the marginal density of Y.

P.T.O.

11. Two random variables X and Y have the joint mass function

$$f(x, y) = \frac{2x + y}{27}; x = 0, 1, 2$$
  
 $y = 0, 1, 2$ 

Find P  $\{X = 0\}$ .

PART – B

Answer any 6 questions. Weightage 2 each.

- 12. Explain the axiomatic definition of probability.
- 13. State and prove the addition rule for two events.
- 14. A problem is given to three students whose chances of solving it are  $\frac{1}{3}$ ,  $\frac{1}{2}$  and  $\frac{3}{4}$ . What is the probability that the problem is solved, if they try independently?
- 15. If P (A) = 0.3, P (B) = 0.2 and P (A  $\cap$  B) = 0.1, find the probability that :
  - 1) Exactly one of the events will happen
  - 2) At least one of the events will happen
  - 3) None of the events happen.
- 16. A factory produces a certain type of output by machines I, II and III. The daily production figures of these machines are 30%, 25% and 45% respectively. It is known that 1%, 1.2% and 2% of the outputs respectively of these machines are defective. An item drawn from a day's production is found to be defective. What is the probability that it came from machine II ?
- 17. A random variable X has the following density function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x}{2} & \text{if } 0 \le x < 1 \\ \frac{1}{2} & \text{if } 1 \le x < 2 \\ \frac{1}{2}(3-x) & \text{if } 2 \le x < 3 \end{cases}$$

Find the distribution function of X.

- 18. If F (x) is the distribution of a continuous random variable x, find the density function of Y = F(X).
- 19. Two random variables X and Y have the following joint density function :

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} K(4 - x - y) & \text{if } 0 \le x \le 2, 0 \le y \le 2\\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Find :

- 1) The value of K
- 2) The marginal density functions
- 3) Conditional density functions.
- 20. A two dimensional random variable (X, Y) has the following density function :

 $f(x, y) = \frac{x+y}{18}; x = 0, 1, 2$ y = 0, 1, 2

Find the marginal distributions of X and Y. Also find :

- 1) The conditional distribution of X when Y = 0
- 2) The conditional distribution of Y when X = 1.

PART – C

Answer any 2 questions. Weightage 4 each.

21. State and prove Bayes theorem. The probabilities that A, B, C are appointed as managers of a company are in the ratio 4 : 2 : 3. The probabilities that bonus scheme will be introduced if A, B, C becomes managers are 3/10, 1/2 and 4/5 respectively. What is the probability that bonus scheme will be introduced in the company ?

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22. A random variable X has the density function :

 $f(x) = Ae^{-x/5}$ ; x > 0

1) Find the value of A.

2) For any two numbers s and t, show that

 $P \{X > s + t / X > s\} = P \{X > t\}$ 

- 3) Find the distribution function of X.
- 23. A random variable X has the following distribution :

 Value of X:
 0
 1
 2
 3
 4
 5
 6
 7
 8

 Probability:
 k
 3k
 5k
 7k
 9k
 11k
 13k
 15k
 17k

- 1) Determine the value of k.
- 2) Find P { X < 3}, P { X  $\geq$  3}, P { 0 < X < 5}.
- 3) What is the smallest value of x for which P  $\{X \le x\} > 0.5$ ?
- 4) Find the distribution function of X.
- 24. Two random variables X and Y have the following joint density function :

 $f(x, y) = \begin{cases} k(6 - x - y) & \text{if } 0 < x < 2, \\ 2 < y < 4 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$ 

- 1) Find the value of k.
- 2) Find P {X < 1  $\cap$  Y < 3}
- 3) Find P { X + Y < 3 }
- 4) Find P  $\{X < 1 | Y < 3\}$ .